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Director and Teacher of Plano
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York, Teacher of Advanced Class
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Pupils receive the personal attention of these teachers in private or class lessons as desired.
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BABY'S OUTFITS here awaiting YOU. The most Comfortable and easily dressed BABY is the one clothed in the little garments that you buy at the

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A Good Bank Account

Is exceedingly comforting in times of need. Begin now and keep at it systematically while the opportunity is ripe.

THE PEOPLE'S BANK.



READ ABOUT HOME DOINGS.

Scrantonians who intend to leave the tity for their annual vacations this summer should not lose track of what is going on at home. The readers of The Tribune can have their paper changed to their new addresses without extra charge and will receive it promptly and regularly by mail, if they will drop a postal to The Tribune office giving both the old and new addresses. If you do not take The Tribune have it sent to you while away from home. It will cost only 12 cents a week or 50

FERSONAL.

keep posted about your friends.

John H. Blackwood, of Washington, D. Miss Sallie Hope Tripp and Miss Ethe Almeda Green are visiting in Wilkes-

Dr. E. F. Scanlon and Miss Mary Sheridan will be married in St. Peters' cathedral Tuesday. Ex-Councilman E. M. Tewksbury, who

went to Buffalo with the Lackawanna Jron and Steel company, spent yesterday in this city. Mr. and Mrs. George E. Brourton, jr.

returned from their honeymoon in New England states, are are at 613 North Washington avenue. Mrs. William Connell is seriously ill at

the family home in this city. Late last night the attending physicians reported her to be resting comfortably, though

B. P. Connolly, of Connolly & Wallace, and Attorney W. F. Boyle are home and Attorney from a ten days' visit to Jacksonville. Fla., where they were guests of Mr. Connolly's sister, Mrs. John O'Hara.

Superintendent Sanborn, of the Reset Mission, and John R. Troch leave this morning for their annual trip to the Maine woods. F. W. Pearsall, of New York, will join them in a few days.

Mrs. William P. Kennedy gave a charm-ing tea Friday in honor of Miss Kathar-ine Kennedy, at her home, 1712 Capouse syente. The guests were: Mrs. Newbury, Mrs. Spaulding, Mrs. John Poore, Mrs. Arthur Dunn, Mrs. Kennedy, Miss Poore, Miss Robinson, Miss Lindenberg, of Co-lumbus, O., the Misses Moore and Miss Hitchcock.

The Faelten Recital.

The diagram for reserved seats for the Faciten Recital at the Parish house this evening will be in the Conservatory office, 604 Linden street, all day. **

"Atterbury System" Means Smart Clothes Ready-to-Wear.

SAMTER BROS.

SOCOCOCOCOCO FALSE IDEAS

DISCUSSED BY THE REV. DR. M'LEOD.

For His Sermon Yesterday Morning He Discussed "Christian Liberty." If the Principles of Liberty Set Down by Peter and Paul Were More Cordially Embraced It Would Be an Unspeakable Blessing to Society in General and to the Church in Particular.

"Christian Liberty" was the topic discussed by Rev. James McLeod, D. D., n the First Presbyterian church yeserday morning.

He took for his text the words: "For brethren, ye have been called unto liberty; only use not liberty for an occaion to the flesh, but by love serve one another," from Gal., v:13, and "As free and not using your liberty for a cloak of muliciousness, but as the servants of God," I Peter, 2:16. Dr. McLeod said:

In these sentences, the two great apos tles-Paul and Peter-teach substantially the same doctrine. There was a time when Peter held a widely different opin-ion. He and his "beloved brother, Faul." collided at Antioch, and the contention between them was quite sharp. At that time, as on other occasions, the incautious and impetuous Peter was at fault, and Paul "withstood him to the face, because he was to be blamed." Peter was willing to sacrifice a great principle, for the sake of conforming to a Jewish prejudice Paul, on the other hand, stood up for Christian liberty and for Christian toleration; and he opposed with much spirit, and with unanswerable logic, the narrow and unchristian doctrine which Peter had advocated and commended. The contro-versy, though animated, was altogether brotherly. It left no sting in the hearts of the apostles.

SAW HIS ERROR.

Peter saw his error, and he acknowledged it; for, in after years, he, with that outspoken candor and magnanimity which Paul's teaching, but he almost adopted his language. Paul says: "Brethren, ye have been called unto liberty; only use not liberty for an occasion to the flesh out by love serve one another"; and Peter only echoes Paul's doctrine when he says "As free, and not using your liberty as a cloak for maliciousness, but as the ervants of God."

In this, and in other controversies and strifes which occurred between the disciples and apostles of our Lord, we have abundant proof that they were men of "like passions" with us. This sainthood lid not always lift them above the inirmities to which human nature is liable, If such saints as Paul and Peter, or Paul and Barnabas had their misun-derstanding and their quarrels, need we wonder if good and honorable men are found nowadays who differ widely on points of Christian doctrine, and who, at imes, allow personal and party feelings to enter into their sharp contentions? If St. Peter fell into serious error on the subject of religious liberty, is it any wonder of men who are far from being saints, have fallen into grievous error on the

subject of civil liberty.

The principle laid down by both Paul and Peter is one that no Christian can afford to ignore. It is a foundation doc-trine. Brotherly love and good citizenship are built upon it. The doctrine may be stated thus: Instead of using our Chris-tian liberty as a law for selfishness, or as a means of oppressing our neighbors, or as a "cloak of maliciousness," we, "as the servants of God," ought to be loyal to His truth, and "by love, serve

If this doctrine were more cordially embraced and more widely practiced, it would be an unspeakable blessing to soclety in general, and to the church in

HAVE FALSE VIEWS.

In our own highly favored land, so-ciety is today suffering grievous injury because multitudes among us have en-brace false views of liberty. Those rejudiced Jewish zealots whom Paul rebuked, and with whom he reasoned, have their successors. They are blind to reason. They are deaf to entreaty. They have no right conception of the mean-ing of Christian liberty. They take but little if any interest in other folks. Their houghts are concentrated on them Society has not many rights which they feel bound to respect. When the laws of the land interfere with their ideas of liberty, then they are opposed to such laws. They want a loose rein. They are quite willing that other violators of law and order should be curbed and pun-ished, but they are indignant when the law steps in and puts a curb upon them-selves. Their idea of liberty is that they should be "a law unto themselves."

But we need not wonder at such con-duct on the part of the thoughtless for houghtful men have held widely different dens in respect of liberty. In the mind cents a month. In this way you can of George Washington and the colonists liberty meant something very different from that which it conveyed to the mind of the king and parliament of England. A patriot and a traitor have different ideas of liberty. It will never do to out George Washington and Benedict Arnold in the same category.

We must be careful not to confound Christian liberty with license. They have nothing in common. There is no fellowship between righteousness and un-righteousness. There can be no concord between Christ and Belial. Christian liberty does not give a man a wrong commission to do as he pleases. Society rights with which no individual

should interfere. One of the choicest blessings of a nation is good government; and good government means civil liberty; and civil liberty, rightly interpreted, means reli-gious liberty; and for all the civil and religious liberty that we enjoy we are indebted to our truly holy Christianity. Moreover, in all future ages, Christianity and civil liberty will be found marching side by side. The only temple of freedom worthy of the name, is that temple which has Christianity for its "seven pillars." Divine wisdom alone has built that temole, and it is as solid as the throne of

THOSE WHO WOULD APPROVE. To be permitted to act as one pleases rrespective of the rights of others, is an dea of liberty that would be approved by thieves and burgiars, and by all those who would use this liberty as a "cloak of maliciousness"; but such conduct will ever be tolerated in Christian society. No individual has any right to use a lib erty which he claims to the injury of his neighbors; nor has a number of indi-viduals any right to band themselves together and, in the name of liberty, sac-rifice liberty on the altar of their selfish-ness, and do it to their own injury as well as to the injury of the community. That would be to use one's liberty "for an occasion to the flesh," and "as a cloak of



(Of Boston.)



EVENING In St. Luke's Parish House Under the Auspices of the

Conservatory of Music

Tickets and Diagram at the Conservatory, 604 Linden Street.

ligations they owed the state, nor did it give to them the privilege of violating the laws of the land. On the contrary, their enhanced, just because they were Christians. This is the Divine idea. It is God's rule for Christian liberty. that be are ordained of God"; and "he that resisteth the power, resisteth the ordinance of God." It was Nero who was king when Peter urged Christians to obey the law. This fact gives force to his counsel when he says: "Honor all men. Love the brotherhood. Fear God. Honor the King." No good citizen will violate the law or advocate its violation, or en-courage others to violate it.

RIGHT OF REVOLUTION.

It is not necessary to discuss the right of revolution. That right is conceded in certain circumstances. But that is not now the question. The point now is that loyal submission to law on the part of every citizen is a sacred duty which is enjoined both by Holy Scripture and right reason. But while this is God's ruth, it is distasted to many. Multiudes are governed by wilfulness and sel-ishness rather than by reason and revelation. Insubordination and disrespect for awful authority are marked characteristics of these times. We see this in our own vicinity, and it as plain to be seen in other quarters. We have been taught in the school of Christ, that is a manly thing to do honest work; but there are thousands and tens of thousands among us, who would have us believe that it is a manly thing to keep honest men from working. They regard it as manly to play the part of "the dog in the manger," and neither work themselves nor permit others to work. That is to say, they are using liberty "as a cloak of maliciousness." They have no sympathy with the teaching of Peter and Paul on the subject of liberty. To act "as the servants of God," and "by love" to "serve one another," is repugnant to them.

Is not this true? And is it not pitiable? Is there any remedy for it? Yes. An enlightened Christianity is the remedy Righteous laws can do much, but wher hese friends are brought into vital contact with Jesus Christ, they will then act "as His servants," and they will not mistake liberty for license.

History teaches us that disdain of lawful authority is both the precursor and the sign of a falling state. And surely the desire to do justice between man and and man, the desire to uproot evil, to reward virtue, and to punish vice ought not to be regarded as the exclusive privilege and duty of any one party in the state,

THE SUREST TEST. There can be no surer test of the political, social and religious condition of a people than that which permits citizens to ignore and set at defiance the laws of the land; and there is no way in which patriotism and piety can be employed more honorably or more usefully than by endeavoring to establish respect for law and order in every community, in every workshop, in every place of business, and in every home. Begin with the children, for if they be trained up in the way they should go, they will not depart from it.

Note also this point: As citizens of the
Christian commonwealth, we are under
obligations to each other. We are God's
servants, and by love, we should serve
one another. If this rule were observed, it would rid society of some of the great evils that now afflict it. There would be no clashing of interests between class and class, between capital and labor,

tween employers and employes. The Christian rule: "Bear ye one another's burdens" has been too often ignored.` I uppose it is true that no nation on earth has had greater prosperity that this na tion of ours, and I suppose it is also true, that in no nation does the individual enjoy greater liberty. These are blessings for which we cannot be too thankful; but they are blessings which have been abused, and if we desire to perpetuate these blessings we must be on our guard against their further abuse. "The brothchood of man" is a taking phrase, but it is often misleading and it is often igored.

We say: "A man's a man for a' that." and straightway we treat him as if he were something else than a man. In the treatment of their fellow-men, there is, in many quarters, a vast difference between their brotherhood doctrine and their brotherhood conduct. The church of Christ is not entirely free from this fault. Its brotherhood doctrine is all right, but some Christians fall far short of carrying that doctrine into practice. If professing Christians do not observe the Golden Rule, it cannot be expected that men of the world will observe it.

WOULD PREVENT STRIFE. We have good reason to believe that mutual forbearance, mutual sympathy, mutual happiness and brotherly kindness would go far to prevent strife and ill will, and to bind together in bonds of friendship, employers and their employes. Of course, the victous, and the malicious and the unreasoning crowd must be dealt with in another way. They must be with-stood to the face; and for the sake, of the law abiding, and in the interest of Christian liberty, they must be restrained and punished.

I speak in this way today, because of local conditions, and because of threatenings which, if carried out, would entail widespread sufferings and loss. To carry out these threats would, in my judgment, be a monstrous abuse of power, and it is to be hoped that those immediately inter-ested—the employers and the employed will have enough of wisdom, and enough of patriotism, and enough of the spirit of Christ to prevent such a catastrophe.
"Brethren, ye have been called unto liberty." The liberty which Paul and Peter had in mind was as high above the common worldly idea of liberty as the heaven is high above the earth. They

as to the injury of the community. That would be to use one's liberty "for an occasion to the flesh," and "as a cloak of maliciousness." Hence, in every well ordered state, where an individual, or a combination of individuals, take undue liberty and violates the law, restraint should be used, and, if necessary, punishment should be lafflicted.

That Christian liberty is in harmony with righteous law, is a fact that needs to be emphasized in some quarters. Indeed we have high authority for the assertion that Christian liberty should respect the laws, even when the laws are not righteous. The early converts to Christianity were taught that they ought to "he subject to every ordinance of man for the Lord's Sake" The Christian freedom did not absolve them from the ob-

ART IN PORTRAITURE.

The Standard Studio and Art Co., 209 Wyoming Avenue, Invites Inspection of Store and New Ideas in Art.

The Standard Studio and Art comoany, under which name of the business of the Griffin Art Co., 209 Wyoming aveue will be conducted as soon as the necessary legal proceedings can be completed, solicits the patronage of the peoole of this vicinity and in addition to very fine and up-to-date stock from which to make selection promises great nducements in the form of price reductions that will effect a considerable

saving on each purchase. In its photographic department the ompany is to introduce a new feature that from point of artistic excellence is anequalled in the country. This new dea consists of a combination of the artistic touch in outline, pose and general finish that produces a most striking and lifelike presentation of the sublect. This method and its application is the work of the new manager who has made an extensive special study of art n its application to photography. The result of this process is a most pleasing photograph that is different from anything ever produced in this city and ts popularity will be immediate.

The establishment is complete in its equipment and arrangement. The large nain exhibition or salesroom presents pleasing and artistic appearance, displaying a fine line of originals and reroductions tastily framed and without frames. There is also in this room a complete line of ready-made frames and framing materials.

In the rear of this room is the company's well lighted and equipped exnibition gallery. At present there is beng held an exhibit of water colors. It is the intention of the company to make these exhibits, for both amateur and professional artists, a regular feature. Back of the art gallery is the photograph gallery. This department has no superjor in the state and its work will be one of the strongest features of the company's business. The entire fourth floor is devoted to the

rholesale and framing and frame repairing departments. Here experts of the first order assure the most satisfactory service. The company will make a specialty of original and unusual framing work and invites prospective frame buyers to consult its frame ex-

pert free of charge,

An inspection of the store and stock of the company is respectfully invited, and it might be well here to state that it is well worth one's while to take advantage of this invitation. The company is making an exhibit of photographs, oils, watercolors, pastels, etchings, gravures, picture frames and artists' materials that would do credit to a New York or Philadelphia establishment.

ST. THOMAS' COMMENCEMENT. Prominent Men Have Accepted Invitations to Attend.

commencement exercises of St. Thomas' college will take place at Colege hall this evening. Bishop Hoban will preside and present the diplomas. Among the prominent men who have accepted invitations to attend are Congressman William Connell, Recorder W. L. Connell, Postmaster E. H. Ripple, Mayor James J. O'Nelll, of Carbondale, and President John Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers.

The graduates of the academic department are: Aloysius F. Colligan, William M. Kilcullen, Leo J. Silvers, Joseph A. McNulty and William J. Gib-

The graduates from the commercial department are: Patrick J. McAndrew. Michael T. Monahan, James J. Carroll, John G. Duffy and John Francis Dur-

Gloves Cleaned Free.

We have secured an expert dry cleaner from Staten Island, N. Y. To prove it we will clean ladies' white gloves next Monday free of charge. Davis' Steam Dye Works,

319 Penn avenue, P. H. Zurflieh, Prop.

WHAT IS FRUITED WHEAT? *

A line worth \$3.50 for \$2.50, very handsome, FAST colors.

'Brittle Bits"

The heart of grain, ready to eat, 10c package.

Fruited Wheat"

A delicious cereal, 13c; 2 for 25c. Try COFo for a breakfast beverage.

SIXTH PLACE THE SUREST WAY.

THE BELLEVUE YOUNG MAN MADE A BIG GAIN SATURDAY.

Leroy Stanton and Homer Kresge Each Went Up One Place as a Result of Good Work in The Tribune's Educational Contest. Miss Harpur and Louis Gere Are Saturday-Two Others Also Score given here is sufficient proof to con-

Standing of Contestants

- 1. Charles Burns, Vandling . 346 2. A. J. Kellerman, Scranton.282 3. Wm. T. S. Rodriguez,
- 6. Albert Freedman, Bellevue 151 7. Maxwell Shepherd, Car-
- bondale 141 8. Oscar H. Kipp, Elmhurst. 111 9. L. E. Stanton, Scranton. . 71 10. Wm. Sherwood, Harford. 69 11. Harry Madden, Scranton. 58 12. Homer Kresge, Hyde Park 55 13. J. A. Havenstrite, Mos-
- 14. William Cooper, Priceburg 38 15. Grant M. Decker, Hallstead
- 16. Lee Culver, Springville. . 33 17. Miss Beatrice Harpur, Thompson 18. Walter Hallstead, Scran-19. Frank B. McCreary, Hall-
- 20. Harry Danvers, Provi-Place 23 22. Hugh Johnston, Forest
- 24. Hendrick Adams, Chinchilla 18 25. John Mackie, Providence. 15
- 26. Chas. W. Dorsey, Scranton 14 27. Thomas Dempsey, Oly-28. Miss Edna Coleman, Scranton 29. Louis Gere, Brooklyn.... 30. Don C. Capwell, Scranton. 11 31. Miss Jane Matthewson,
- Factoryville 32. Walter Ellis, Hyde Park. 33. Emanuel Bucci, Scranton.

A number of changes will be found in he standing of the contestants in The l'ribune's Educational Contest as a result of the efforts of its ambitious workers on Saturday. Albert Freedman, of Bellevue, made

an excellent return and went from seventh to sixth place, Maxwell Shepherd of Carbondale, going down one position in the table. Leroy E. Stanton, of Scranton, took ninth place away from William Sher-

wood, of Harford, and Homer Kresge, of Hyde Park, is now in the niche occupled by J. A. Havenstrite, of Moscow, on Saturday morning. Miss Beatrice Harpur got enough points to have an equal claim on sixteenth place with Lee Culver, of Springville, and Louis Gere also caught up

Others who returned points, but without affecting their positions, were Chas, Burns, of Vandling, and Miss Nellie Avery, of Forest City. The leaders for the special prizes for

he best work done in June are as fol-

with Miss Edna Coleman, of Scranton.

Leading Contestants for June. First Prize—\$10 in Gold. Second Prize—\$5 in Gold.

Osear H. Kipp...... 78 A. J. Kellerman..... . Albert Freedman63

EVENT OF THE SEASON. Fourth Annual Excursion of the

Knights of Columbus. The social event of the season will be the fourth annual excursion of the Scranton council, Knights of Columbus, o Lake Ariel on Wednesday, June 25. Great interest is being manifested in the affair, and it is safe to say that the largest crowd that has been to the lake in a long time will go there with he Knights.

The committee in charge has left nothing undone that might-add to the pleasure of the excursionists, and every one who wishes to have an enjoyable day's outing should not fail to go to the lake with the Knights on Wednesday. There will be games of all kinds, plenty of refreshments, but, according to the rules of the organization, no intoxicants will be sold on the grounds. Music for dancing will be furnished by Bauer's orchestra. In order to accommodate the large

crowd that will attend, special trains have been arranged for. They will

Select Your Straw Hat

Now while there are plenty. Probably the very hat you'll want is here now.

It might not be here later on. The choicest go first. All hats here are choice. Come and judge for yourself.

Panamas, \$10 and \$15.00. Split Hats, \$2.00, \$3.00 and \$4.00. Rough Hats. \$1.00, \$1.50. \$2.00 and \$3.00. Palms \$2.00, \$3.00 and \$4.00.

Agents for Knox Hats

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Cut This Out

A Scranton Citizen Tells You What It Is.

It is not safe to experiment when anything important is at stake. The Tied with Those Who Led Them ence of friends and neighbors. The pub-

Mr. Albert Roskilly, of 311 North

vince any reader.

Everett avenue, Hyde Park, engineer at the Capouse mines, says: "I had for years a dull pain across my back. back felt lame and sore so much that when I bent it was all I could do to straighten up again. Whenever I took cold it affected my back. At night it bothered me a great deal with sharp twinges which kept me awake for hours. I often got up in the morning feeling tired and devoid of all energy and ambition. There was also a kid ney weakness which at times was annoying and painful. I had my attention called to Doan's Kidney through our papers, from time to time, by reading the testimony from people. went down to Matthew Bros. store and got a box. They benefitted me in every way. I have felt slight touches of the pain since, but a resort to Doan's Kidney Pills never falled to quickly relieve it."

For sale by all dealers; price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name-Doan's-and take no substitute.

leave the Erie and Wyoming Valley depot at 9 o'clock a. m. and 1.15 p. m. Tickets, adults, \$1; children, 50 cents

\$500 Reward.

In pursuance of a joint resolution of city councils, approved June 18th, 1902, the city of Scranton offers a reward of five hundred dollars to any person furnishing the information which will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who murdered Mary Quinn on Monday night, June 2nd, 1902, W. L. Connell, City Recorder.

Dr. Lindabury, Surgeon, diseases of women a specialty, 215 Connell building. Hours: 11 a. m. to 4 p. m.; 7 to 8.30 p. m

WHAT IS FRUITED WHEAT? **

During the hot weather, commencing on July 7 and continuing until September 1, our Dry Goods Department will close at 5 o'clock in the afternoon on every business day, except Saturday.

We request our customers to help us give our salespeople this extra time by making their purchase early.

stamps for all sales for \$1.00 and over,

Special strike prices on Ladies Russet Shoes and Oxfords at 75c,98c,\$1.25 **\$**1.50 and \$2. Strike prices this week on Men's Shoes, 98c. \$1.25, \$1.60, \$2, \$2.25, \$2.50.

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You Can Save 30 per cent. on the dollar when you purchase direct from the manufacturer.

Our line of Umbrellas and

Parasols is large and complete, and embraces all the latest pat-

terns. We guarantee all our

Scranton Umbrella Manufacturing Co. B13 Spruce Street.

A GAS RANGE

will remove all anxiety as to the Coal Supply for your kitchen, and will also save your wife much of the drudgery of housekeeping.

Cooking with Gas is as cheap as coal, is cleaner, and much more convenient. We are offering to our gas consumers Double Oven Gas Cooking Ranges for \$9.75 and up. This price includes putting them in your kitchen ready for use. All connections free on first floor.

How About Hot Water?

A Hot Water Heater connected to your kitchen boiler answers that question. We have them. Price connected, \$10. Fuel gas, gross \$1.00; net 90 and 80 cents per thousand.

Ranges and Hot Water Heaters on exhibition at our salesroom, No. 126 Washington Avenue.
OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK.

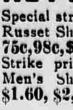
Scranton Gas & Water Co.

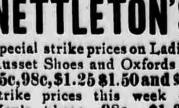
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OLD PHONE 62-2.

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